

**APPENDIX I**  
**COMPUTER PROGRAMS**

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*****
PROGRAM      : PMW-1 (Program #1 for Model Weather)
WRITTEN BY   : Kyoo Dong Song
              : College of Architecture
              : University of Oklahoma
Program Language : Microsoft QuickBASIC
Hardware      : IBM-PC/XT/AT and Compatible Machines
              :
This program is to generate the data files consisting of
cumulative distribution function values of month/year
combination data and long term data for each weather element.
*****
DIM TX(310),TN(310),TV(310),DT(310)
DIM WV(310),WX(310),SS(310),SM(310)
DIM STX(310),STN(310),STV(310),SDT(310)
DIM SWV(310),SWX(310),SSS(310),SSM(310)
DIM CUMTX(310),CUMTN(310),CUMTV(310),CUMDT(310)
DIM CUMWV(310),CUMWX(310),CUMSS(310),CUMSM(310)
*****
LEGENDS :
TMAX / *TX ... MAXIMUM DRI BULB TEMP. [F]
TMIN / *TN ... MINIMUM DRI BULB TEMP. [F]
TAVE / *TV ... AVERAGE DRI BULB TEMP. [F]
DEWT / *DT ... AVERAGE DEW POINT TEMP. [F]
WAVE / *WV ... AVERAGE WIND VELOCITY [MPH]
WMAX / *WX ... MAXIMUM WIND VELOCITY [MPH]
SCSS / *SS ... SKY COVER FROM SUNRISE TO SUNSET [10th]
SCMM / *SM ... SKY COVER FROM MIDNITE TO MIDNITE [10th]
*****
CLS
LINE INPUT " Enter drive with DATA DISKETTE (A: B: C:) --> ";D$
PRINT      " Enter Month using below format"
LINE INPUT " (JAN,FEB,MAR,APR,MAY,JUN,JUL,AUG,SEP,OCT,DEC ) --> ";MO$
CLS

FOR ITER = 1 TO 2 '---- 1 FOR MONTH/YEAR, 2 FOR LONG TERM
  N = 0
  RESTORE 40

FOR MOY=1 TO 10 '----- 10 MONTH/YEAR COMBINATION
  READ YR$
  OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\ "+MO$+YR$+".DAT" FOR INPUT AS#1
  INPUT#1, DN
  IF ITER=1 THEN N=0
  IF ITER=1 THEN 1 ELSE IF ITER=2 THEN 2

1 LOCATE 12,20 : PRINT "Reading ";MO$;YR$;" data for monthly CDF":GOTO 3
2 LOCATE 12,20 : PRINT "Reading ";MO$;YR$;" data for long term CDF"
3 FOR DAY=1 TO DN '----- DAYS OF A MONTH
  N=N+1
  INPUT#1, DATE, TMAX, TMIN, TAVE, DEWT, WAVE, WMAX, SCSS, SCMM
  TX(N)=TMAX:TN(N)=TMIN:TV(N)=TAVE:DT(N)=DEWT
  STX(N)=TMAX:STN(N)=TMIN:STV(N)=TAVE:SDT(N)=DEWT
  WV(N)=WAVE:WX(N)=WMAX:SS(N)=SCSS:SM(N)=SCMM
  SWV(N)=WAVE:SWX(N)=WMAX:SSS(N)=SCSS:SSM(N)=SCMM
NEXT DAY

CLOSE #1

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    IF ITER=1 THEN GOSUB 10:GOSUB 20 '--SORTING / C.F./ FILE for MONTH
NEXT MOY
    IF ITER=2 THEN GOSUB 10:GOSUB 30 '--SORTING/C.F./FILE for LONG TERM
NEXT ITER

CLS
END ' of the program's main body
'*****
' SUBROUTINE to Generate Month/Year data file of
' Cumulative Function for each element
'*****
20   LOCATE 12,20 : PRINT "Writing ";MO$;YR$;" monthly CDF statistic "

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"TX+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#1
WRITE #1, O
FOR I=1 TO O
WRITE #1, TX(I),CUMTX(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"TN+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#2
WRITE #2, P
FOR I=1 TO P
WRITE #2, TN(I),CUMTN(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"TV+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#3
WRITE #3, Q
FOR I=1 TO Q
WRITE #3, TV(I),CUMTV(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"DT+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#4
WRITE #4, R
FOR I=1 TO R
WRITE #4, DT(I),CUMDT(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"WV+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#5
WRITE #5, S
FOR I=1 TO S
WRITE #5, WV(I),CUMWV(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"WX+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#6
WRITE #6, T
FOR I=1 TO T
WRITE #6, WX(I),CUMWX(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"SS+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#7
WRITE #7, U
FOR I=1 TO U
WRITE #7, SS(I),CUMSS(I)
NEXT I

OPEN D$+"\MO$+"\month\"+MO$+YR$+"SM+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#8
WRITE #8, V
FOR I=1 TO V

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        WRITE #8, SM(I),CUMSM(I)
    NEXT I
CLOSE
RETURN

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'*****
' SUBROUTINE to Generate Long Term data file of
' Cummulative Function for each element
'*****

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30  LOCATE 12,20 : PRINT "Writing ";MO$;" long term CDF statistic "

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OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LTX+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#1
WRITE #1, O
FOR I=1 TO O
WRITE #1, TX(I),CUMTX(I)
NEXT I

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LTN+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#2
WRITE #2, P
FOR I=1 TO P
WRITE #2, TN(I),CUMTN(I)
NEXT I

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LTV+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#3
WRITE #3, Q
FOR I=1 TO Q
WRITE #3, TV(I),CUMTV(I)
NEXT I

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LDT+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#4
WRITE #4, R
FOR I=1 TO R
WRITE #4, DT(I),CUMDT(I)
NEXT I

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LWV+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#5
WRITE #5, S
FOR I=1 TO S
WRITE#5, WV(I),CUMWV(I)
NEXT I

```

```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LWX+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#6
WRITE #6, T
FOR I=1 TO T
WRITE #6, WX(I),CUMWX(I)
NEXT I

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LSS+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#7
WRITE #7, U
FOR I=1 TO U
WRITE #7, SS(I),CUMSS(I)
NEXT I

```

```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\long\ "+MO$+"-LSM+".DAT" FOR OUTPUT AS#8
WRITE #8, V
FOR I=1 TO V
WRITE #8, SM(I),CUMSM(I)

```

```

NEXT I

CLOSE
RETURN

'*****
' SUBROUTINE for Sorting & Cumulative Function
'*****
10 IF ITER = 1 THEN 11 ELSE IF ITER = 2 THEN 12
11 LOCATE 12,20
   PRINT "Sorting/Calculating ";MO$;YR$;" monthly CDF":GOTO 13
12 LOCATE 12,20
   PRINT "Sorting/Calculating ";MO$;" long term CDF"
13 FOR I=1 TO N-1
   FOR J=I+1 TO N

      IF STX(I) > STX(J) THEN SWAP STX(I),STX(J)
      IF STN(I) > STN(J) THEN SWAP STN(I),STN(J)
      IF STV(I) > STV(J) THEN SWAP STV(I),STV(J)
      IF SDT(I) > SDT(J) THEN SWAP SDT(I),SDT(J)
      IF SWV(I) > SWV(J) THEN SWAP SWV(I),SWV(J)
      IF SWX(I) > SWX(J) THEN SWAP SWX(I),SWX(J)
      IF SSS(I) > SSS(J) THEN SWAP SSS(I),SSS(J)
      IF SSM(I) > SSM(J) THEN SWAP SSM(I),SSM(J)

   NEXT J
   NEXT I

O=0 : P=0 : Q=0 : R=0 : S=0 : T=0 : U=0 : V=0

FOR I=1 TO N
  IF I=N THEN 100
  IF STX(I) < STX(I+1) THEN 100 ELSE 110
100   O=O+1
      TX(O) = STX(I)
      CUMTX(O) = I/(N+1)
110 NEXT I

FOR I=1 TO N
  IF I=N THEN 200
  IF STN(I) < STN(I+1) THEN 200 ELSE 210
200   P=P+1
      TN(P) = STN(I)
      CUMTN(P) = I/(N+1)
210 NEXT I

FOR I=1 TO N
  IF I=N THEN 300
  IF STV(I) < STV(I+1) THEN 300 ELSE 310
300   Q=Q+1
      TV(Q) = STV(I)
      CUMTV(Q) = I/(N+1)
310 NEXT I

FOR I=1 TO N
  IF I=N THEN 400
  IF SDT(I) < SDT(I+1) THEN 400 ELSE 410
400   R=R+1

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      DT(R) = SDT(I)
      CUMDT(R) = I / (N+1)
410 NEXT I

      FOR I=1 TO N
      IF I=N THEN 500
      IF SWV(I) < SWV(I+1) THEN 500 ELSE 510
500     S=S+1
      WV(S) = SWV(I)
      CUMWV(S) = I / (N+1)
510 NEXT I

      FOR I=1 TO N
      IF I=N THEN 600
      IF SWX(I) < SWX(I+1) THEN 600 ELSE 610
600     T=T+1
      WX(T) = SWX(I)
      CUMWX(T) = I / (N+1)
610 NEXT I

      FOR I=1 TO N
      IF I=N THEN 700
      IF SSS(I) < SSS(I+1) THEN 700 ELSE 710
700     U=U+1
      SS(U) = SSS(I)
      CUMSS(U) = I / (N+1)
710 NEXT I

      FOR I=1 TO N
      IF I=N THEN 800
      IF SSM(I) < SSM(I+1) THEN 800 ELSE 810
800     V=V+1
      SM(V) = SSM(I)
      CUMSM(V) = I / (N+1)
810 NEXT I

      RETURN

40 DATA 76,77,78,79,80,81,82,83,84,85

```

```

*****
PROGRAM      : PMW-2 (Program #2 for Model Weather)
WRITTEN BY   : Kyoo Dong Song
              College of Architecture
              University of Oklahoma
Program Language : Microsoft QuickBASIC
Hardware      : IBM-PC/XT/AT and Compatible Machines
              |
              | This program is to calculate the differences between
              | cumulative distribution functions of month/year combination
              | data and long term data for each element by Finkelstein-
              | Schafer(FS) statistics. Then, by examining weighted sums of
              | FS statistic values of each month/year combinations, 3
              | candidate month/years are determined.
*****
      DIM LX(310),LCDF(310)
      DIM MX(31), MCDF(31)
      DIM OELMNT$(8),LELMNT$(8),MELMNT$(8),W(8)
      DIM FS(8,10),WS(8,10),WSUM(10),YR$(10)
*****
LEGENDS :
|
| MX(i)  = MONTH/YEAR VALUES FOR EACH ELEMENT
| LX(i)  = LONG TERM VALUES FOR EACH ELEMENT
| MCDF(i) = MONTH/YEAR CDF VALUES FOR EACH ELEMENT
| LCDF(i) = LONG TERM CDF VALUES FOR EACH ELEMENT
| SUMD   = SUM OF ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
|         LONG TERM CDF AND MONTH/YEAR CDF AT MX(i)
| FS(i,j) = FS STATISTIC (SUMD / N)
*****
CLS
LINE INPUT " Enter drive with DATA DISKETTE (A: B: C:) --> ";D$
PRINT      " Enter Month using below format"
LINE INPUT " (JAN,FEB,MAR,APR,MAY,JUN,JUL,AUG,SEP,OCT,DEC) --> ";MO$
CLS
-----
| READ VARIABLE NAMES
-----
FORM$=" ###.#          #.#####          #.#####          #.#####"
FOR VA = 1 TO 8
  READ OELMNT$(VA) '---- 8 ORIGINAL ELEMENTS
NEXT VA

FOR VA = 1 TO 8 '---- 8 LONG TERM ELEMENTS
  READ LELMNT$(VA)
NEXT VA

FOR VA = 1 TO 8 '---- 8 MONTH/YEAR ELEMENTS
  READ MELMNT$(VA)
NEXT VA

FOR VA = 1 TO 8 '----- 8 WEIGHTING FACTORS
  READ W(VA)
NEXT VA

FOR MOY = 1 TO 10
  READ YR$(MOY)
NEXT MOY
FOR VA = 1 TO 8 '--- INPUT LONG TERM CDF FOR EACH ELEMENT

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```

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\LONG\ "+MO$+LELMNT$(VA)+".DAT" FOR INPUT AS#1
  INPUT #1, LN
  FOR K=1 TO LN
    INPUT #1, LX(K),LCDF(K)
  NEXT K

CLOSE

  RESTORE 50

  FOR MOY=1 TO 10 '--- INPUT MONTH/YEAR CDF FOR EACH ELEMENT
  LPRINT " [TABLE      ] CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION OF ";MO$;YR$(MOY)
  LPRINT "===== "
  LPRINT TAB(3);OELMNT$(VA);TAB(17);"MONTHLY      LONG TERM      DIFFERENCE"
  LPRINT "===== "

OPEN D$+"\ "+MO$+"\MONTH\ "+MO$+YR$(MOY)+MELMNT$(VA)+".DAT" FOR INPUT AS#1
  INPUT#1, MN
  FOR I=1 TO MN
    INPUT #1, MX(I),MCDF(I)
  NEXT I

CLOSE

GOSUB 100 '---- CALCULATE FS STATISTICS

  NEXT MOY
  NEXT VA

'-----
' CALCULATION OF WEIGHTED SUM
'-----
  FOR MOY = 1 TO 10
  FOR VA = 1 TO 8
    WSUM(MOY) = WSUM(MOY) + WS(VA,MOY)
  NEXT VA
  NEXT MOY

'-----
' PRINT OUTPUT
'-----

LPRINT "          F.S. STATISTIC VALUES FOR ";MO$
LPRINT
LPRINT " ----- "
LPRINT " ELMNT   76    77    78    79    80    81    82    83    84    85 "
LPRINT " ----- "
LPRINT

  FOR VA = 1 TO 8
    LPRINT TAB(2) OELMNT$(VA);
  FOR MOY = 1 TO 10
    LPRINT TAB(9+(MOY-1)*6);USING "#.###";FS(VA,MOY);
  NEXT MOY
  LPRINT:LPRINT
  NEXT VA

LPRINT " ----- "

  FOR SPACE=1 TO 6: LPRINT : NEXT SPACE

```



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LPRINT "                                WEIGHTED SUM OF FS STATISTICS"
LPRINT:LPRINT
LPRINT "-----"
LPRINT " ELMNT   WF     76     77     78     79     80     81     82     83     84     85 "
LPRINT "-----"
LPRINT
      FOR VA = 1 TO 8
        LPRINT TAB(2) OELMNT$(VA);TAB(9);USING"##.##";W(VA);
      FOR MOY = 1 TO 10
        LPRINT TAB(14+(MOY-1)*6);USING "##.##";WS(VA,MOY);
      NEXT MOY
    NEXT VA
LPRINT "-----"
LPRINT " WSUM";

      FOR MOY = 1 TO 10
        LPRINT TAB(14+(MOY-1)*6);USING "##.##";WSUM(MOY);
      NEXT MOY

      LPRINT : LPRINT : LPRINT : LPRINT
'-----
' Selection of the 3 Candidate Month/Year Combination
'-----
      FOR I= 1 TO 9
        FOR J= I+1 TO 10
          IF WSUM(I) > WSUM(J) THEN SWAP WSUM(I),WSUM(J):SWAP YR$(I),YR$(J)
        NEXT J,I

      LPRINT TAB(2);"CANDIDATE   YEARS -----> ";YR$(1);" ";YR$(2);" ";YR$(3)
      LPRINT CHR$(12); : LPRINT

END ' of Main Body of the Program

20 DATA TMAX,TMIN,TAVE,DEWT,WAVE,WMAX,SCSS,SCMM
30 DATA -LTX,-LTN,-LTV,-LDT,-LWV,-LWX,-LSS,-LSM
35 DATA TX,TN,TV,DT,WV,WX,SS,SM
'----- Data on statement 40 are weighting factors
40 DATA 2.1,2.1,10.7,10.7,5.0,5.0,3.7,0.5
50 DATA 76,77,78,79,80,81,82,83,84,85
'*****
' SUBROUTINE to print and calcualte FS statistic
'*****
100 SUMD = 0 : D = 0
      FOR I = 1 TO MN '--- NUMBER OF DAYS FOR MONTH/YEAR
        FOR K = 1 TO LN '--- TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS FOR LONGTERM
          IF MX(I) <> LX(K) THEN 60
          D=ABS( MCDF(I) - LCDF(K) )
          LPRINT USING FORM$;MX(I),MCDF(I),LCDF(K),D
          SUMD = SUMD + D
        60 NEXT K
      70 NEXT I
LPRINT "=====
LPRINT TAB(3);"SUM OF ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCE ";
LPRINT TAB(52);USING"##.#####";SUMD
LPRINT : LPRINT : LPRINT
      FS(VA,MOY)= SUMD / MN
      WS(VA,MOY)=FS(VA,MOY) * W(VA)

RETURN

```

```
*****
PROGRAM      : GENER.JCL
WRITTEN BY   : KYOO DONG SONG
              COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE
              UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
```

This program is to place the hourly weather data  
from TD-1440 tape onto TSO disk of IBM SYSTEM 3081-K.

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*****
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```
//TAPE JOB NO1NOZIT, 'KYOO DONG SONG', CLASS=A, NOTIFY=LOGONID
/*SETUP T=1
// EXEC IEBGENER
//SYSUT1 DD UNIT=TAPE, VOL=SER=W04147,
//          DISP=(OLD, KEEP), LABEL=(1, NL),
//          DCB=(LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800, RECFM=FB)
//SYSUT2 DD DSN=LOGONID.RAW, DISP=(OLD, KEEP), UNIT=TSODISK
//
```

```

//PICKUP JOB NO1NOZIT,'KYO DONG SONG',CLASS=J,NOTIFY=LOGONID
// EXEC SAS
//IN DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.ALLMODEL,DISP=OLD
//OUT DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.SELMODEL,DISP=OLD
*****;
*   PROGRAM: PICKUP                               *;
*                                               *;
*   WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG                 *;
*               COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE         *;
*               UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA          *;
*                                               *;
*   PROGRAM LANGUAGE : SAS                      *;
*   HARDWARE          : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP) *;
*                                               *;
*   THIS PROGRAM IS TO PICK UP MAJOR WEATHER ELEMENTS FROM *;
*   THE ORIGINAL HOURLY WEATHER DATA SET.      *;
*****;

%MACRO PICKUP(FILE);
  DATA _NULL_;
    FILE OUT(&FILE);
    INFILE IN(&FILE);

    INPUT DATE $ 6-11 TIME $ 12-13
           TDP 36-38 WDR 39-40 WVL 41-42 SPR 43-46
           TDB 47-49 TWB 50-52 RHU 53-55 CC 79;

    PUT DATE 1 - 6
        TIME 8 - 9
        TDB 11 - 13
        TDP 15 - 17
        TWB 19 - 21
        RHU 23 - 25
        WVL 27 - 28
        WDR 30 - 31
        SPR 33 - 36
        CC 38 ;
%MEND PICKUP;

*-----*
*   M A I N   R O U T I N E                       *
*-----*

%PICKUP(JAN82);
%PICKUP(FEB85);
%PICKUP(MAR79);
%PICKUP(APR79);
%PICKUP(MAY79);
%PICKUP(JUN85);
%PICKUP(JUL83);
%PICKUP(AUG78);
%PICKUP(SEP81);
%PICKUP(OCT77);
%PICKUP(NOV84);
%PICKUP(DEC81);
//

```

```

//LINTER JOB NO1NOZIT,'KYO0 DONG SONG',CLASS=J,NOTIFY=LOGONID
// EXEC FORTVCLG
//FORT.SYSIN DD *
C*****
C   PROGRAM : LINTER (LINEAR INTERPOLATION)
C
C   WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG
C               COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE
C               UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
C   PROGRAM LANGUAGE : FORTRAN 77
C   HARDWARE       : IBM SYSEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP)
C
C   THIS PROGRAM IS TO INTERPOLATE THE WEATHER DATA
C   OBSERVED BY 3 HOUR INTERVALS TO GENERATE HOURLY DATA
C   BY LINEAR INTERPOLATION METHOD.
C-----
C 3 HOURLY VARIABLES
C   X : SEQUENTIAL MEMBER WITH THE INTERVAL OF 3 (1,4,7,10,..)
C   D : DATE (YYMMDD)
C   T : TIME (TT)
C   TD : DRY BULB TEMPERATURE (F)
C   TP : DEW POINT TEMPERATURE (F)
C   WV : WIND VELOCITY (KNOT)
C   WD : WIND DIRECTION
C   SP : STATION PRESSURE (INCH HG)
C
C INTERPOLATED VARIABLES
C   TDB2: DRY BULB TEMP.
C   TDP2: DEWPOINT TEMPERATURE
C   WVL2: WIND VELOCITY
C   WDR2: WIND DIRECTION
C   SPR2: STATION PRESSURE
C
C CALCULATED VARIABLES
C   TWB2: WET BULB TEMPERATURE (F)
C   RHU2: RELATIVE HUMIDITY (%)
C*****
C   DIMENSION X(248),D(248),T(248)
C   DIMENSION TD(248),TP(248)
C   DIMENSION WV(248),WD(248),SP(248)
C-----
C INPUT DATA
C-----
C   N = 248
C   NN = 496
C
C   DO 100 I=1,N
C   READ(10,*) X(I),D(I),T(I),TD(I),TP(I),W,H,WV(I),WD(I),SP(I)
100 CONTINUE
C
C   DO 200 J=1,NN
C   READ(20,*) XX
C
C   INDEX=INT(J/2)*2
C-----
C DETERMINE BASE POINTS FOR
C LINEAR INTERPOLATION
C-----
C   IF(J.EQ.INDEX) THEN

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```

      K = J / 2
      TM= T(K) + 2.
    ELSE IF(J.NE.INDEX) THEN
      K = (J + 1)/2
      TM = T(K) + 1.
    ENDIF
      DT = D(K)
C-----
C INTERPOLATE
C-----
      HX = X(K + 1) - X(K)
      X1 = (X(K + 1) - XX) / HX
      X2 = (X(K) - XX) / HX

      TDB2 = X1 * TD(K) - X2 * TD(K + 1)
      TDP2 = X1 * TP(K) - X2 * TP(K + 1)
      WVL2 = X1 * WV(K) - X2 * WV(K + 1)
      WDR2 = X1 * WD(K) - X2 * WD(K + 1)
      SPR2 = X1 * SP(K) - X2 * SP(K + 1)
C-----
C CALCULATE WET BULB TEMPERATURE
C-----
      Q = (TDB2 - TDP2) * .1

      IF(TDB2.GE.0) THEN
        TWB2=TDB2-(.034*Q-.00072*Q*(Q-1.))*
1          (TDB2+TDP2-2.*SPR2*.01+108.)

      ELSEIF(TDB2.LT.0) THEN
        TWB2=TDB2-(.34*Q-.006*Q*Q)*
1          (.6*(TDB2-TDP2)-2.*SPR2*.01+108.)
      ENDIF
C-----
C CALCULATE RELATIVE HUMIDITY
C-----
      RHU2=100.*((173.-.1*TDB2+TDP2)/(173.+ .9*TDB2))**8
C-----
C OUTPUT RESULTS
C-----
      WRITE(30,150) XX,DT, TM, TDB2, TDP2, TWB2, RHU2, WVL2, WDR2, SPR2
150   FORMAT(F4.0,1X,F7.0,1X,F3.0,1X,6F5.0,1X,F6.0)
200   CONTINUE
      STOP
      END

//GO.SYSIN DD DUMMY
//GO.FT10F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.THREE(MAY79),DISP=OLD
//GO.FT20F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.POINT(MAY79),DISP=OLD
//GO.FT30F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.OUTPUT(MAY79),DISP=OLD
//

```

```

//SETTING JOB NOINOZIT,'KYO DONG SONG ',CLASS=J,NOTIFY=LOGONID
// EXEC SAS
//THREE DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.THREE,DISP=OLD
//INTER DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.OUTPUT,DISP=OLD
//OUT DD DSN=LOGONID.INTERPOL.HOURLY,DISP=OLD
*****;
*   PROGRAM      : SETTING                                     *;
*                                                         *;
*   WRITTEN BY   : KYOO DONG SONG                             *;
*               COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE                     *;
*               UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA                       *;
*                                                         *;
*   PROGRAM LANGUAGE : SAS                                   *;
*   HARDWARE       : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP)    *;
*                                                         *;
*   THIS PROGRAM IS TO INTERLEAVE EXISTING 3 HOURLY DATA  *;
*   AND INTERPOLATED HOURLY DATA.                          *;
*****;
%MACRO SETTING(FILE);

    DATA THREE;
        INFILE THREE(&FILE);
        INPUT INDEX DATE TIME TDB TDP TWB RHU WVW WDR SPR SKY;

    DATA INTER;
        INFILE INTER(&FILE);
        INPUT INDEX DATE TIME TDB TDP TWB RHU WVW WDR SPR ;

    DATA ALL;
        FILE OUT(&FILE);
        SET THREE INTERPOL;
        BY INDEX;

        PUT DATE 1 - 6
            TIME 8 - 9
            TDB 11 - 13
            TDP 15 - 17
            TWB 19 - 21
            RHU 23 - 25
            WVW 27 - 28
            WDR 30 - 31
            SPR 33 - 36
            SKY 38 ;

%MEND SETTING;

*****;
* MAIN ROUTINE *;
*****;
%SETTING(MAR79);
%SETTING(APR79);
%SETTING(MAY79);
%SETTING(AUG78);
%SETTING(OCT77);
//

```

```

//SOLRAD JOB NO1NOZIT,'SONG KYOO DONG',CLASS=J,NOTIFY=LOGONID,
// REGION=1024K,TIME=(1,0)
// EXEC FORTVCLG
//FORT.SYSIN DD *
C*****
C      PROGRAM : SOLRAD (SOLAR RADIATION CALCULATION)
C
C      WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG
C                  COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE
C                  UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
C
C      PROGRAM LANGUAGE : FORTRAN 77
C      HARDWARE       : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP)
C
C      THIS PROGRAM IS TO CALCULATE SOLAR RADIATION USING
C      THE METHODS OF ASHRAE AND KIMURA & STEPHENSON
C*****
C-----
C INPUT DATA
C
C SLAT = SITE LATITUDE
C SLON = SITE LONGITUDE
C STMR = STANDARD MERIDIAN
C CN  : SKY CLEARNESS
C-----
C
C      SLAT = 35.28
C      SLON = 97.32
C      STMR = 90.
C      CN  = .95
C      MON = 3
C      LDATE = 31
C-----
C START OF CALCULATION
C-----
C
C      PI = 3.1415927
C      RAD = .017453293
C      DEG = 57.29577951
C      SLAT = SLAT * RAD
C      RMO=FLOAT(MON)
C-----
C COEFFICIENTS FOR THE CALCULATION
C OF SOLAR RADIATION ON CLOUDY DAYS
C-----
C
C      IF ((MON.EQ.2).OR.(MON.EQ.3).OR.(MON.EQ.4)) THEN
C          P = 1.06
C          Q = .012
C          R = -.0084
C
C      ELSEIF ((MON.EQ.5).OR.(MON.EQ.6).OR.(MON.EQ.7)) THEN
C          P = .96
C          Q = .033
C          R = -.0106
C
C      ELSEIF ((MON.EQ.8).OR.(MON.EQ.9).OR.(MON.EQ.10)) THEN
C          P = .95
C          Q = .03
C          R = -.0108
C
C      ELSEIF ((MON.EQ.1).OR.(MON.EQ.11).OR.(MON.EQ.12)) THEN

```

```

P = 1.14
Q = .003
R = -.0082

ENDIF
DO 300 IDATE=1,LDATE
  DATE=FLOAT(IDATE)
C-----
C DN : DAY NUMBER (JAN 1 IS 1, DEC 31 IS 365)
C DST : DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME
C (DST IS ASSUMED TO EXIST FROM APRIL 30 TO OCTOBER 31)
C-----
  IF((MON.EQ.1).OR.(MON.EQ.2)) THEN
    DN=31.*(RMO-1.)+DATE
  ELSEIF(MON.EQ.3) THEN
    DN=59.+DATE
  ELSEIF(MON.GT.3) THEN
    DN=90.+AINT(30.5*(RMO-4.))+DATE
    IF((MON.EQ.9).OR.(MON.EQ.11)) DN = DN + 1
  ENDIF
  DST=0.
  IF((DN.GT.120).AND.(DN.LT.304)) DST=1.0
C-----
C DA : DAY ANGLE
C E : EQUATION OF TIME
C D : DECLINATION ANGLE
C-----
  DA=2.*PI*(DN-1.)/365.
  E=(.000075+.001868*COS(DA)-.032077*SIN(DA)
1 - .014615*COS(2.*DA)-.04089*SIN(2.*DA))*229.18

  D=23.45*SIN((360.*(284.+DN)/365.*RAD))*RAD
C-----
C CALCULATE SOLAR ALTITUDE, AZIMUTH AND
C SOLAR RADIATION UNDER CLEAR SKY
C
C H : HOUR ANGLE
C TM : TIME OF THE DAY (LOCAL TIME)
C ALT : SOLAR ALTITUDE ANGLE
C AZI : SOLAR AZIMUTH ANGLE
C A : APPARENT SOLAR CONSTANT AT AIR MASS OF 0
C B : EXPONENTIAL ATTENUATION COEFFICIENT
C C : DIFFUSE FRACTION FACTOR
C RDN : DIRECT RADIATION ON A NORMAL SURFACE (BTU/SQFT-HOUR)
C RDH : DIRECT RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE
C RSH : DIFFUSE RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE
C RTH : TOTAL RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE
C RTHC: TOTAL RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE (CLOUDY SKY)
C RDHC: DIRECT RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE(CLOUDY SKY)
C RSHC: DIFFUSE SKY RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE(CLOUDY SKY)
C-----
  CDA= COS(DA)
  A = 361.5 + 22.5*CDA
  B = .1745 - .0325*CDA
  C = .0965 - .0395*CDA
  DO 300 ITIME=0,23
  READ(10,*) N,CC
  TM=FLOAT(ITIME)
  SOLTM = TM+(E+4.*(STMR-SLON))/60.-DST

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```

10      H = (12.-SOLTM)*15.*RAD
        SINALT=SIN(D)*SIN(SLAT)+COS(D)*COS(SLAT)*COS(H)
        ALT=ASIN(SINALT)*DEG
        SINAZI=COS(D)*SIN(H)/COS(ALT*RAD)
        AZI=ABS(ASIN(SINAZI)*DEG)
        IF(COS(H).LE.TAN(D)/TAN(SLAT)) AZI=180.-AZI
        IF(SOLTM.GT.12.) AZI=-AZI

        IF(SINALT.LE.0.) THEN
            RDN=0.
            RDH=0.
            RSH=0.
            RTH=0.
            GOTO 100
        ENDIF

        RDN = A*CN*EXP(-B*SINALT)
        RDH = RDN*SINALT
        RSH = C*RDN/(CN**2)
        RTH = RDH + RSH

        IF(CC.EQ.0) GOTO 100
C-----
C  CALCULATE SOLAR RADIATION UNDER CLOUDY SKY
C
C  CCF : CLOUD COVER FACTOR
C  RTHC: TOTAL RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE (CLOUDY SKY)
C  RDHC: DIRECT RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE(CLOUDY SKY)
C  RSHC: DIFFUSE SKY RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE(CLOUDY SKY)
C-----
        CCF = P+Q*CC+R*(CC**2)

        X= SINALT
        Y= .309-.137*X+.394*(X**2)
        RK=X/(C+X)+(P-1.)/(1.-Y)
        RTHC = RTH*CCF
        RDHC = RTH*RK*(1.-CC/10.)
        RSHC = RTHC - RDHC

        RDN = RDHC / X
        RTH = RTHC
        RDH = RDHC
        RSH = RSHC

100     WRITE(20,110) RDN,RDH,RSH,RTH
110     FORMAT(F5.1,1X,F5.1,1X,F5.1,1X,F5.1)

300     CONTINUE

        STOP
        END
//GO.SYSIN DD DUMMY
//GO.FT10F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.SKY.HOURLY(MAR79),DISP=OLD
//GO.FT20F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.SOLAR(MAR79),DISP=OLD
//
//CUBIC JOB NO1NOZIT,'KYOU DONG SONG',CLASS=N,NOTIFY=LOGONID,
// REGION=2048K,TIME=(12,0)
// EXEC FORTVCLG
//FORT.SYSIN DD *

```

```

C*****
C   PROGRAM : CUBIC (CUBIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION)
C   WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG
C               COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE
C               UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
C   PROGRAM LANGUAGE : FORTRAN 77
C   HRADWARE       : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP)
C
C   THIS PROGRAM IS TO SMOOTH THE CONNECTIONS OF
C   ADJACENT MONTHS FROM DIFFERENT YEARS.
C*****
      DOUBLE PRECISION DX,XB
      DIMENSION XX(0:10),X2(0:10)
      DIMENSION XI(0:84),Y(0:84)
      DIMENSION TDB(0:84),TDP(0:84),SPR(0:84)
      DIMENSION TDB2(0:84),TDP2(0:84),SPR2(0:84)
      DIMENSION TWB(0:84),RHU(0:84)
      DIMENSION FX(0:84),H1(0:84),H2(0:84),H3(0:84)
      DIMENSION DX(0:84),G2X(0:84)
      DIMENSION A(0:84,0:84),B(0:84)

      COMMON N
      N=84
      NN=10
C----- INPUT EXISTING DATA
      DO 10 I=0,N
10      READ(10,*) XI(I),DATE,TDB(I),TDP(I)

C----- INPUT POINTS TO BE INTERPOLATED
      DO 20 KK=0,NN
          XX(KK)=FLOAT(KK) + 44
20      X2(KK)=XX(KK)
C*****
C   M A I N   R O U T I N E   *
C*****
C----- TRANSFER EACH WEATHER ELEMENT TO 'Y' VALUE
      DO 90 INDEX=1,2

          DO 30 I=0,N
30          Y(I)=0.

          IF(INDEX.EQ.1) THEN
              DO 31 I=0,N
31              Y(I)=TDB(I)

          ELSEIF(INDEX.EQ.2) THEN
              DO 32 I=0,N
32              Y(I)=TDP(I)
          ENDIF

C----- CALL CUBIC SPLINE SUBROUTINE

          DO 40 KK=0,NN
              X=XX(KK)
              CALL CUBIC(XI,Y,X,H1,H2,H3,DX,A,B,G2X,GX)

C----- ASSIGN INTERPOLATED VALUES TO EACH
C   INTERPOLATED WEATHER ELEMENT.

```

```

        IF (INDEX.EQ.1) THEN
            TDB2 (KK)=GX
        ELSEIF (INDEX.EQ.2) THEN
            TDP2 (KK)=GX
        ENDIF

40     CONTINUE
90     CONTINUE
C-----
C PRINT OUTPUT OF INTERPOLATION
C-----
        DO 100 KK=0,NN

100    WRITE (20,110) X2 (KK) , TDB2 (KK) , TDP2 (KK)
110    FORMAT (F4.0,1X,2F5.0)

        STOP
        END
C*****
C SUBROUTINE OF CUBIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION *
C*****
        SUBROUTINE CUBIC (XI,FX,X,H1,H2,H3,DX,A,B,G2X,GX)
        COMMON N
        DIMENSION XI (0:N) , FX (0:N)
        DIMENSION H1 (0:N) , H2 (0:N) , H3 (0:N) , DX (0:N)
        DIMENSION G2X (0:N) , A (0:N,0:N) , B (0:N)

C----- INITIALIZE ALL VALUES TO ZERO AND
C CHECK 'I' IF ITS VALUE IS THE ASSIGNED VALUE
        DO 200 I=0,N
            DX (I)=0.
            G2X (I)=0.
            B (I)=0.
            H1 (I)=0.
            H2 (I)=0.
            H3 (I)=0.
            IF (I.NE.N) DX (I) = XI (I+1) - XI (I)
            IF ((I.NE.N) .AND. (I.NE.0)) H1 (I) = XI (I+1) - XI (I-1)
            IF (I.NE.N) H2 (I) = FX (I+1) - FX (I)
            IF (I.NE.0) H3 (I) = FX (I) - FX (I-1)

200    CONTINUE

C----- INITIALIZE MATRIX (A) TO ZERO
        DO 210 I=0,N
            DO 211 J=0,N
                A (I,J)=0.
211    CONTINUE
210    CONTINUE
C----- A(I,J) AND B(I) VALUES ARE COMPUTED,WHERE 1<I<N+1.
C IF I=0 THEN ALL THE VALUES ARE EQUAL TO ZERO

        DO 220 I=1,N-1
            B (I) = 6. * ((H2 (I) / (DX (I) ** 2)) - (H3 (I) / (DX (I) * DX (I-1))))
            A (I, I-1) = DX (I-1) / DX (I)
            A (I, I) = (2. * H1 (I)) / DX (I)
            A (I, I+1) = 1.
220    CONTINUE

```

```

C----- CALL SUBROUTINE TO SOLVE SIMULTANEOUS EQUATION.
      CALL SIMEQ(A,B,G2X)
C----- FIND I VALUES BY COMPARING X VALUES WITH XI VALUES.

      DO 230 I=0,N-1
        IF((X.GE.XI(I)).AND.(X.LE.XI(I+1))) K=I

230    CONTINUE
C----- FIND GX VALUE
      GX = 0.
      GX = (G2X(K)/6.)*(((XI(K+1)-X)**3)/DX(K)-DX(K)*
1     (XI(K+1)-X))+(G2X(K+1)/6.)*(((X-XI(K))**3)/
2     DX(K)-DX(K)*(X-XI(K))+FX(K)*((XI(K+1)-X)/
3     DX(K)+FX(K+1)*((X-XI(K))/DX(K))
      RETURN
      END
C*****
C      SUBROUTINE TO SOLVE A SET OF SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS *
C      USING GUASS-JORDAN METHOD. *
C      N UNKNOWN IN N EQUATIONS, REPRESENTED IN THE MATRIX *
C      FORM OF (A)*(X)=(B). *
C*****
      SUBROUTINE SIMEQ(A,B,G2X)
      COMMON N
      DIMENSION A(0:N,0:N),B(0:N),G2X(0:N)
C----- DIVIDE ALL ELEMENTS OF MATRICES A,B BY A(I,I) (I=0,1,2,3,...,N)
C      TO MAKE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF MATRIX AS UNITY.

      DO 300 I=1,N-1
        XB=A(I,I)
        DO 301 J=0,N
          A(I,J)=A(I,J)/XB
301    CONTINUE
        B(I)=B(I)/XB
C----- SUBTRACT A(K,I)*A(I,J) FROM A(K,J)
C      TO MAKE ALL OTHER ELEMENTS IN KTH ROW AS ZERO (K=0,1,2,...,N
C      & K<>I) AND (J=0,1,2,...,N) AND THEN SUBTRACT A(K,I)*B(I)
C      FROM B(K) TO MAINTIAN EQUALITY,
C      I.E., SUBTRACT A(K,I) TIMES ITH ROW FROM KTH ROW

      DO 302 K=0,N
        IF(K.EQ.I) GOTO 302
        XA = A(K,I)
        DO 303 J=0,N
          A(K,J) = A(K,J) - XA*A(I,J)
303    CONTINUE
        B(K)=B(K)-XA * B(I)
302    CONTINUE
300    CONTINUE
C----- ASSIGN G2X(I)=B(I)
      DO 304 I=0,N
        G2X(I)=B(I)
304    CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
//GO.SYSIN DD DUMMY
//GO.FT10F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.CONNEC2 (NOVDEC),DISP=OLD
//GO.FT20F001 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.CONNEC3 (NOVDEC),DISP=OLD
//

```

```

//UPDATE JOB NO1NOZIT, 'KYO DONG SONG', CLASS=J, NOTIFY=LOGONID,
// REGION=1024K
// EXEC SAS
//IN1 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.MODEL2, DISP=OLD
//IN2 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.CONNEC7, DISP=OLD
//OUT DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.MODEL3, DISP=OLD
*****;
* SAS PROGRAM: UPDATE *;
* WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG *;
* COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE *;
* UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA *;
* PROGRAM LANGUAGE : SAS *;
* HARDWARE : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP) *;
* THIS PROGRAM IS TO REPLACE DRY BULB AND DEW POINT *;
* TEMPERATURES SHOWING SHARP CHANGES AT THE CONNECTIONS *;
* OF ADJACENT MONTHS SELECTED FROM DIFFERENT YEARS WITH *;
* CUBIC SPLINED DATA. AND WET BULB TEMPERATURE AND *;
* RELATIVE HUMIDITY ARE CALCULATED AGAIN. *;
*****;
%MACRO UPDATE(FILE);
DATA DSET1;
INFILE IN1(&FILE);
INPUT DATE $ TDB TDP TWB RHU WVL WDR SPR CC;
DATA DSET2;
INFILE IN2(&FILE);
INPUT DATE $ TDB TDP;
DATA DSET3;
FILE OUT(&FILE);
UPDATE DSET1 DSET2; BY DATE;
*-----;
* CALCULATE WET BULB TEMPERATURE ;
*-----;
Q = (TDB - TDP) * .1;
IF TDB >=0 THEN DO; WB=TDB- (.034*Q- .00072*Q*(Q-1)) * (TDB+TDP-2*SPR+108);
END;
ELSE IF TDB < 0 THEN DO;
TWB=TDB- (.34*Q- .006*Q*Q) * (.6*(TDB-TDP)-2*SPR+108); END;
*-----;
* CALCULATE RELATIVE HUMIDITY ;
*-----;
RHU=100* ((173-.1*TDB+TDP) / (173+.9*TDB))**8 ;
PUT DATE 1-6 TDB 8-10 TDP 12-14 TWB 16-17 RHU 19-21
WVL 23-24 WDR 26-27 SPR 29-33 .2 CC 35-36;
%MEND UPDATE;
*****;
* MAIN ROUTINE *;
*****;
%UPDATE (JAN82);
%UPDATE (FEB85);
%UPDATE (MAR79);
%UPDATE (MAY79);
%UPDATE (JUN85);
%UPDATE (JUL83);
%UPDATE (AUG78);
%UPDATE (SEP81);
%UPDATE (OCT77);
%UPDATE (NOV84);
%UPDATE (DEC81);
//

```

```

//SOLMERG JOB NO1NOZIT,'SONG KYOO DONG',CLASS=J,NOTIFY=LOGONID,
// REGION=1024K
// EXEC SAS
//IN1 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.MODEL3,DISP=OLD
//IN2 DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.SOLAR,DISP=OLD
//OUT DD DSN=LOGONID.HOURLY.MODEL4,DISP=OLD
*****;
* SAS PROGRAM: SOLMERG *;
* *;
* WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG *;
* COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE *;
* UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA *;
* *;
* PROGRAM LANGUAGE : SAS *;
* HARDWARE : IBM SYSTEM 3081 MODEL K (MVS/XA-SP) *;
* *;
* THIS PROGRAM IS TO MERGE HOURLY SOLAR RADIATION DATA *;
* CALCULATED BY SOLRAD PROGRAM TO EXISTING HOURLY WEATHER *;
* DATA WITH NO SOLAR RADIATION DATA. *;
* THE FINAL HOURLY WEATHER DATA SET WAS COMPLETED *;
* BY THIS PROGRAM *;
*****;
OPTIONS MISSING=' ';
%MACRO SOLMERG(INFILE,OUTFILE);
DATA DSET1;
INFILE IN1(&INFILE);
INPUT DATE $
TDB TDP TWB RHU WVL WDR SPR CC;
DATA DSET2;
INFILE IN2(&INFILE);
INPUT RDN RDH RSH RTH ;

DATA ALL;
FILE OUT(&OUTFILE);
MERGE DSET1 DSET2;

PUT DATE 1-6 TDB 8-10 TDP 12-14 TWB 16-17 RHU 19-21
WVL 23-24 WDR 26-27 SPR 29-33 .2 CC 35-36 RDN 38-42 .1
RDH 44-48 .1 RSH 50-54 .1 RTH 56-60 .1 ;
%MEND SOLMERG;
*****;
* MAIN ROUTINE *;
*****;
%SOLMERG(JAN82,JAN);
%SOLMERG(FEB85,FEB);
%SOLMERG(MAR79,MAR);
%SOLMERG(APR79,APR);
%SOLMERG(MAY79,MAY);
%SOLMERG(JUN85,JUN);
%SOLMERG(JUL83,JUL);
%SOLMERG(AUG78,AUG);
%SOLMERG(SEP81,SEP);
%SOLMERG(OCT77,OCT);
%SOLMERG(NOV84,NOV);
%SOLMERG(DEC81,DEC);
//

```

```

*****
PROGRAM : HGL.BAS (HEAT GAIN/LOSS CALCULATION)
WRITTEN BY : KYOO DONG SONG
          COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE
          UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
          MAY 1989
PROGRAM LANGUAGE : MicroSoft QuickBASIC
HARD WARE       : IBM-PC/XT/AT & Compatible Machines
THIS PROGRAM IS TO CALCULATE HOURLY BUILDING HEAT
GAIN/LOSS THROUGH ROOF, WALLS AND WINDOWS.
*****
CLS
DIM TSRF(7), TSWF(7), TSBW(7), TSLW(7), TSRW(7)
DIM BNW(7), DNW(7), BNR(7), DNR(7)
DIM QCONRF(7), QCONWAL(7), QCONFW(7), QCONBW(7), QCONLW(7), QCONRW(7)
PI = 3.141592654#
RAD = .017453293#
DEG = 57.29577951#
INPUT "DRIVE FOR DATA INPUT (A: B: C: etc.) = "; INDRV$
INPUT "DRIVE FOR DATA OUTPUT (A: B: C: etc.) = "; OUTDRV$
INPUT "FIRST MONTH (1..12) = "; FMON
INPUT "LAST MONTH (1..12) = "; LMON
PRINT

'-----
' DATA FOR BATCH JOB
'-----
AFLOOR = 1000      '---- AREA OF FLOOR
BH = 10           '---- BUILDING HEIGHT
WZFW = 0: ORI$ = "S" '---- FRONT WALL ORIENTATION
NROOF = 30        '---- ASHRAE ROOF #30
NWALL = 32        '---- ASHRAE WALL #32
RWIN = .1         '---- FRONT WALL WINDOW RATIO (10% OF FLOOR AREA)
RBWIN = .04       '---- BACK WALL WINDOW RATIO (4% OF FLOOR AREA)
RLWIN = .04       '---- LEFT WALL WINDOW RATIO (4% OF FLOOR AREA)
RRWIN = .04       '---- RIGHT WALL WINDOW RATIO (4% OF FLOOR AREA )
GT = .125         '---- GLASS THICKNESS (INCH)
RF = 1.52        '---- REFRACTION INDEX
EX = .41         '---- EXTINCTION COEFFICIENT
UGLASS = 1.05    '---- OVERALL COEFFICIENT OF HEAT TRANSMISSION
WF = .8          '---- NET GLASS AREA RATIO
MF = .8          '---- MAINTENANCE FACTOR OF GLASS
GR = .2          '---- ADJACENT GROUND REFLECTANCE

OPEN OUTDRV$ + "SIM-" + ORI$ FOR OUTPUT AS #6

'-----
' INPUT ROOF RESPONSE FACTORS FROM EXTERNAL DATA FILES
' CNR = SUMMATION CN TERMS OF ROOF TRANSFER FUNCTION
' BNR = ROOF TRANSFER FUNCTION B VALUES
' DNR = ROOF TRANSFER FUNCTION D VALUES
'-----
PRINT "READING BUILDING RESONSE FACTORS ..."
OPEN INDRV$ + "ROOF.TRN" FOR INPUT AS #1
OPEN INDRV$ + "WALL.TRN" FOR INPUT AS #2
10 IF EOF(1) GOTO 20
INPUT #1, NUMBER, BNROOF, DNROOF, CNR
IF (NUMBER <> NROOF) THEN
FOR BB = 0 TO BNROOF

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        INPUT #1, DUMMY
    NEXT BB
    FOR DD = 0 TO DNROOF
        INPUT #1, DUMMY
    NEXT DD
    ELSEIF (NUMBER = NROOF) THEN
        FOR BB = 0 TO BNROOF
            INPUT #1, BNR(BB)
        NEXT BB
        FOR DD = 0 TO DNROOF
            INPUT #1, DNR(DD)
        NEXT DD
        GOTO 20
    END IF
    GOTO 10
20    CLOSE 1

'-----
' INPUT THERMAL TRANSFER FUNCTIONS OF WALLS
'   CNW = SUMMATION CN TERMS OF WALL TRANSFER FUNCTION
'   BNW = WALL TRANSFER FUNCTION B VALUES
'   DNW = WALL TRANSFER FUNCTION D VALUES
'-----
30    IF EOF(2) GOTO 40
    INPUT #2, NUMBER, BNWALL, DNWALL, CNW
    IF (NUMBER <> NWALL) THEN
        FOR BB = 0 TO BNWALL
            INPUT #2, DUMMY
        NEXT BB
        FOR DD = 0 TO DNWALL
            INPUT #2, DUMMY
        NEXT DD
        ELSEIF (NUMBER = NWALL) THEN
            FOR BB = 0 TO BNWALL
                INPUT #2, BNW(BB)
            NEXT BB
            FOR DD = 0 TO DNWALL
                INPUT #2, DNW(DD)
            NEXT DD
            GOTO 40
        END IF
        GOTO 30
40    CLOSE 2
    CLS
    TIMELAG = BNROOF - 1
    IF (TIMELAG < DNROOF - 1) THEN TIMELAG = DNROOF - 1
    IF (TIMELAG < BNWALL - 1) THEN TIMELAG = BNWALL - 1
    IF (TIMELAG < DNWALL - 1) THEN TIMELAG = DNWALL - 1
    NOW = TIMELAG + 1
    GOSUB REPORT1 '--- REPORT MAXIMUM TIME LAG

'-----
' DETERMINE WALL AZIMUTH ANGLES
'-----
' WZBW = AZIMUTH ANGLE OF BACK WALL (DEGREE)
' WZLW = AZIMUTH ANGLE OF LEFT WALL (DEGREE)
' WZRW = AZIMUTH ANGLE OF RIGHT WALL (DEGREE)
'-----
    WZBW = WZFW + 180

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```

WZLW = WZFW + 90
WZRW = WZFW - 90
IF (WZBW > 180) THEN
  WZBW = WZBW - 360
  ELSEIF (WZBW < -180) THEN
    WZBW = WZBW + 360
  END IF
IF (WZLW > 180) THEN
  WZLW = WZLW - 360
  ELSEIF (WZLW < -180) THEN
    WZLW = WZLW + 360
  END IF

IF (WZRW > 180) THEN
  WZRW = WZRW - 360
  ELSEIF (WZRW < -180) THEN
    WZRW = WZRW + 360
  END IF

FOR CONFIG = 1 TO 41
  SMRGAIN = 0
  WINLOSS = 0
  READ BWR, BLR

  '-----
  ' CALCULATE SURFACE AREAS
  '-----
  ' ARF = AREA OF ROOF (SQFT)
  ' AFW = AREA OF FRONT WALL (SQFT)
  ' ABW = AREA OF BACK WALL (SQFT)
  ' ALW = AREA OF LEFT WALL (SQFT)
  ' ARW = AREA OF SIDE WALL #2 (SQFT)
  '-----

  W$ = STR$(BWR * 10): L$ = STR$(BLR * 10)
  BW$ = RIGHT$(W$, 2): BL$ = RIGHT$(L$, 2)
  WRATIO = BWR / BLR
  BWSQ = AFLOOR * WRATIO
  BW = SQR(BWSQ) '----- BUILDING WIDTH
  BL = AFLOOR / BW '----- BUILDING LENGTH
  AFWIN = AFLOOR * RFWIN '---- FRONT WINDOW AREA
  ABWIN = AFLOOR * RBWIN '---- BACK WINDOW AREA
  ALWIN = AFLOOR * RLWIN '---- LEFT WINDOW AREA
  ARWIN = AFLOOR * RRWIN '---- RIGHT WINDOW AREA
  ARF = AFLOOR '---- ROOF AREA
  AFW = BW * BH - AFWIN '---- FRONT WALL AREA
  ABW = BW * BH - ABWIN '---- BACK WALL AREA
  ALW = BL * BH - ALWIN '---- LEFT WALL AREA
  ARW = BL * BH - ARWIN '---- RIGHT WALL AREA

  OPEN OUTDRV$ + ORI$ + BW$ + "." + BL$ FOR OUTPUT AS #3
  GOSUB REPORT2 '--- REPORT BUILDING CONFIGURATION

FOR MONTH = FMON TO LMON

  MHLOSS = 0
  MHGAIN = 0
  MO = MONTH

```

```

IF (MO = 1) THEN MOCUR$ = "JAN": MOPRE$ = "DEC"
  IF (MO = 2) THEN MOCUR$ = "FEB": MOPRE$ = "JAN"
IF (MO = 3) THEN MOCUR$ = "MAR": MOPRE$ = "FEB"
  IF (MO = 4) THEN MOCUR$ = "APR": MOPRE$ = "MAR"
IF (MO = 5) THEN MOCUR$ = "MAY": MOPRE$ = "APR"
  IF (MO = 6) THEN MOCUR$ = "JUN": MOPRE$ = "MAY"
IF (MO = 7) THEN MOCUR$ = "JUL": MOPRE$ = "JUN"
  IF (MO = 8) THEN MOCUR$ = "AUG": MOPRE$ = "JUL"
IF (MO = 9) THEN MOCUR$ = "SEP": MOPRE$ = "AUG"
  IF (MO = 10) THEN MOCUR$ = "OCT": MOPRE$ = "SEP"
IF (MO = 11) THEN MOCUR$ = "NOV": MOPRE$ = "OCT"
  IF (MO = 12) THEN MOCUR$ = "DEC": MOPRE$ = "NOV"
OPEN INDRV$ + MOPRE$ + ".CLM" FOR INPUT AS #4
OPEN INDRV$ + MOCUR$ + ".CLM" FOR INPUT AS #5

```

```

-----
' TI = INDOOR TEMPERATURE (F) (SUMMER 75, WINTER 70)
-----

```

```

IF ((MO >= 5) AND (MO <= 10)) THEN
  TI = 75
ELSE
  TI = 70
END IF

```

```

-----
' DETERMINE NUMBER OF DAYS OF PREVIOUS AND CURRENT MONTHS
-----

```

```

IF (MO = 1 OR MO = 8) THEN NDCUR = 31: NDPRE = 31
IF (MO = 5 OR MO = 7 OR MO = 10 OR MO = 12) THEN NDCUR = 31: NDPRE = 30
IF (MO = 2) THEN NDCUR = 28: NDPRE = 31
IF (MO = 3) THEN NDCUR = 31: NDPRE = 28
IF (MO = 4 OR MO = 6 OR MO = 9 OR MO = 11) THEN NDCUR = 30: NDPRE = 31

```

```

-----
' READ HOURLY WEATHER DATA FROM WEATHER DATA FILE
-----

```

```

' MDT = MONTH,DATE, AND TIME (MMDDYY)
' TDB = DRY BULB TEMP (DEGREE F)
' RDN = DIRECT SOLAR RADIATION ON A NORMAL SURFACE (BTU/SQFT/HR)
' RSH = DIFFUSE SKY RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE
' RTH = TOTAL RADIATION ON A HORIZONTAL SURFACE
' ALT = SOLAR ALTITUDE ANGLE (DEGREE)
' AZI = SOLAR AZIMUTH ANGLE (DEGREE)

```

```

COUNT = 0
I = 0
LTIME = NDPRE * 24
INCLUD = LTIME - TIMELAG

```

```

-----
' INPUT LAST 6 HOURS' WEATHER DATA OF
' PREVIOUS MONTH AND CALCULATE SOL-AIR
' TEMPERATURES ON ROOF AND WALL SURFACES
-----

```

```

FOR DATE = 1 TO NDPRE
  FOR TIME = 0 TO 23
    COUNT = COUNT + 1
    INPUT #4, MDT, TDB, RDN, RSH, RTH, ALT, AZI
    IF ((COUNT >= INCLUD) AND (COUNT <= LTIME)) THEN
      I = TIMELAG - (LTIME - COUNT)
    
```

```

        TSRF(I) = TDB + .15 * RTH - 7
        GOSUB SOLAIR
    END IF
NEXT TIME
NEXT DATE

'-----
' INPUT CURRENT HOUR'S WEATHER DATA
' AND COMPUTE SOL-AIR TEMPERATURES
' AND HEAT GAIN/LOSS.
'-----
FOR DATE = 1 TO NDCUR
    DHLOSS = 0
    DHGAIN = 0
    GOSUB REPORT3 '--- REPORT CURRENT DATE OF CALCULATION
    FOR TIME = 0 TO 23
        INPUT #5, MDT, TDB, RDN, RSH, RTH, ALT, AZI
        I = I + 1
        TSRF(I) = TDB + .15 * RTH - 7

'-----
' CALL SUBROUTINES
'-----
        GOSUB SOLAIR
        GOSUB GLASS
        GOSUB ROOF
        GOSUB WALLS
        QRF = QCONRF(NOW) * ARF
        QFW = QCONFW(NOW) * AFW + QFWIN
        QBW = QCONBW(NOW) * ABW + QBWIN
        QLW = QCONLW(NOW) * ALW + QLWIN
        QRW = QCONRW(NOW) * ARW + QRWIN
        QHOUR = QRF + QFW + QBW + QLW + QRW '---HOURLY HEAT GAIN OR LOSS
        IF (QHOUR < 0) THEN DHLOSS = DHLOSS + QHOUR '---DAILY SUM OF HEAT LOSS
        IF (QHOUR >= 0) THEN DHGAIN = DHGAIN + QHOUR '---DAILY SUM OF HEAT GAIN

'-----
' UPDATE SOL-AIR TEMP. AND HEAT FLOW
'-----
        FOR I = 0 TO TIMELAG
            TSRF(I) = TSRF(I + 1)
            TSFW(I) = TSFW(I + 1)
            TSBW(I) = TSBW(I + 1)
            TSLW(I) = TSLW(I + 1)
            TSRW(I) = TSRW(I + 1)
            QCONRF(I) = QCONRF(I + 1)
            QCONFW(I) = QCONFW(I + 1)
            QCONBW(I) = QCONBW(I + 1)
            QCONLW(I) = QCONLW(I + 1)
            QCONRW(I) = QCONRW(I + 1)
        NEXT I
        I = I - 1
    NEXT TIME

'-----
' PRINT OUTPUT ON DISK
'-----
    FORM1$ = " ##      #####          #####"
    MHLOSS = MHLOSS + DHLOSS '----MONTHLY SUM OF HEAT LOSS

```

```

      MHGAIN = MHGAIN + DHGAIN '----MONTHLY SUM OF HEAT GAIN
NEXT DATE
      MAHLOSS = MHLOSS / NDCUR '----DAILY AVERAGE HEAT LOSS
      MAHGAIN = MHGAIN / NDCUR '----DAILY AVERAGE HEAT GAIN
      PRINT #3, USING FORM1$; MO, MAHLOSS, MAHGAIN
      IF (MO = 6 OR MO = 7 OR MO = 8) THEN SMRGAIN = SMRGAIN + MAHGAIN
      IF (MO = 12 OR MO = 1 OR MO = 2) THEN WINLOSS = WINLOSS + MAHLOSS
      CLOSE 4, 5
NEXT MONTH

      AVESMR = SMRGAIN / 3
      AVEWIN = WINLOSS / 3
      GOSUB REPORT4
      CLOSE 3

NEXT CONFIG
      CLOSE 6
      END

'*****
'SUBROUTINE SOLAIR
'*****
SOLAIR: FOR WALL = 1 TO 4
      RTWAL = 0
      RVWAL = 0
      TSWAL = 0
      IF RTH = 0 THEN 1100
      IF (WALL = 1) THEN WZ = WZFW
      IF (WALL = 2) THEN WZ = WZBW
      IF (WALL = 3) THEN WZ = WZLW
      IF (WALL = 4) THEN WZ = WZRW
      WSZ = ABS(WZ - AZI)
      IF (WSZ > 180) THEN WSZ = 360 - WSZ
'-----
' DIRECT RADIATION ON WALL
' RINC = RADIATION INCIDENCE ANGLE
'-----
      COSALT = COS(ALT * RAD)
      IF (WSZ >= 90) GOTO 1000
      RINC = COSALT * COS(WSZ * RAD)
      RVWAL = RDN * RINC
'-----
' HOURLY TOTAL RADIATION ON WALL
'-----
' RGR = RADIATION REFLECTED FROM GROUND
' RSV = HOURLY SKY DIFFUSE RADIATION ON WALL
' RTWAL = HOURLY TOTAL RADIATION ON WALL
'-----
1000   RGR = RTH * GR * .5
      RSV = RSH * .5 + RGR
      RTWAL = (RVWAL + RSV)
'-----
' HOURLY SOL-AIR TEMPERATURES
' TSWAL = SOL-AIR TEMPERATURE ON A WALL
'-----
1100   TSWAL = TDB + .15 * RTWAL
      IF (WALL = 1) THEN
          RTFW = RTWAL
          WSWF = WSZ

```

```

        FWINC = RINC
        TSFW(I) = TSWAL
    ELSEIF (WALL = 2) THEN
        RTBW = RTWAL
        WSBW = WSZ
        BWINC = RINC
        TSBW(I) = TSWAL
    ELSEIF (WALL = 3) THEN
        RTLW = RTWAL
        WSLW = WSZ
        LWINC = RINC
        TSLW(I) = TSWAL
    ELSEIF (WALL = 4) THEN
        RTRW = RTWAL
        WSRW = WSZ
        RWINC = RINC
        TSRW(I) = TSWAL
    END IF
NEXT WALL
RETURN
'*****
'SUBROUTINE FOR HEAT GAIN/LOSS THROUGH WINDOW
'*****
GLASS: FOR WIN = 1 TO 4
    TRAN = 0
    REFL = 0
    ABSO = 0

    IF (WIN = 1) THEN
        WSAZ = WSWW
        INC = FWINC
        RTWAL = RTFW
        GAREA = AFWIN
    END IF
    IF (WIN = 2) THEN
        WSAZ = WSBW
        INC = BWINC
        RTWAL = RTBW
        GAREA = ABWIN
    END IF
    IF (WIN = 3) THEN
        WSAZ = WSLW
        INC = LWINC
        RTWAL = RTLW
        GAREA = ALWIN
    END IF
    IF (WIN = 4) THEN
        WSAZ = WSRW
        INC = RWINC
        RTWAL = RTRW
        GAREA = ARWIN
    END IF
    IF GAREA = 0 THEN 3200
    IF RTH = 0 THEN 3000
    IF (WSAZ >= 90) THEN 3100
'-----
'CALCULATE GLASS TRANSMITTIVITY
'-----
    SINI = SIN(INC)

```

```

SINR = SINI / RF
COSR = SQR(1 - SINR * SINR)
  R = ATN(SINR / COSR)
IF INC = 0 THEN
  RO = ((RF - 1) / (RF + 1)) ^ 2
  TX = EXP(-EX * L)
ELSE
  A = SIN(INC - R): AA = A * A
  B = SIN(INC + R): BB = B * B
  C = TAN(INC - R): CC = C * C
  D = TAN(INC + R): DD = D * D
  RO = .5 * ((AA / BB) + (CC / DD))
  TX = EXP(-EX * L / COSR)
END IF

ROSQ = RO * RO
  RO1SQ = (1 - RO) * (1 - RO)
  TXSQ = TX * TX
  TRAN = (TX * RO1SQ) / (1 - TXSQ * ROSQ)
  REFL = RO * (1 + (TXSQ * RO1SQ) / (1 - TXSQ * ROSQ))
ABSO = 1 - TRAN - REFLC
3000  QWIN = TRAN * RTWAL * GAREA * WF * MF + UGLASS * GAREA * (TDB - TI)
      GOTO 3110
3100  QWIN = RSV * GAREA * WF * MF + UGLASS * GAREA * (TDB - TI)
3110  IF (WIN = 1) THEN QFWIN = QWIN
      IF (WIN = 2) THEN QBWIN = QWIN
      IF (WIN = 3) THEN QLWIN = QWIN
      IF (WIN = 4) THEN QRWIN = QWIN
3200  NEXT WIN

RETURN
! *****
! SUBROUTINE FOR CONDUCTIVE HEAT GAIN/LOSS
! THROUGH ROOF
! *****
ROOF:  SUM1 = 0
      SUM2 = 0

      FOR J = 0 TO BNROOF
        INDEX = NOW - J
        SUM1 = SUM1 + BNR(J) * TSRF(INDEX)
      NEXT J

      FOR K = 1 TO DNROOF
        INDEX = NOW - K
        SUM2 = SUM2 + DNR(K) * QCONRF(INDEX)
      NEXT K

      QCONRF(NOW) = SUM1 - SUM2 - TI * CNR

RETURN
! *****
! SUBROUTINE FOR CONDUCTIVE HEAT GAIN/LOSS
! THROUGH OPAQUE WALLS
! *****
WALLS:  FOR WALL = 1 TO 4

        SUM1 = 0
        SUM2 = 0

```

```

FOR T = 0 TO TIMELAG + 1
  IF (WALL = 1) THEN
    TSOL(T) = TSFW(T)
    QCONWAL(T) = QCONFW(T)
  ELSEIF (WALL = 2) THEN
    TSOL(T) = TSBW(T)
    QCONWAL(T) = QCONBW(T)
  ELSEIF (WALL = 3) THEN
    TSOL(T) = TSLW(T)
    QCONWAL(T) = QCONLW(T)
  ELSEIF (WALL = 4) THEN
    TSOL(T) = TSRW(T)
    QCONWAL(T) = QCONRW(T)
  END IF
NEXT T
FOR J = 0 TO BNWALL
  INDEX = NOW - J
  SUM1 = SUM1 + BNW(J) * TSOL(INDEX)
NEXT J
FOR K = 1 TO DNWALL
  INDEX = NOW - K
  SUM2 = SUM2 + DNW(K) * QCONWAL(INDEX)
NEXT K
QCONWAL(NOW) = SUM1 - SUM2 - TI * CNW
IF (WALL = 1) THEN QCONFW(NOW) = QCONWAL(NOW)
IF (WALL = 2) THEN QCONBW(NOW) = QCONWAL(NOW)
IF (WALL = 3) THEN QCONLW(NOW) = QCONWAL(NOW)
IF (WALL = 4) THEN QCONRW(NOW) = QCONWAL(NOW)
NEXT WALL
RETURN
'=====
' SUBROUTINES FOR REPORT ON SCREEN AND OUTPUT FILE
'=====
REPORT1:
  LOCATE 2, 20: PRINT "MAXIMUM TIME LAG ....."; TIMELAG + 1; "(HOURS)"
RETURN

REPORT2:
  FOR CL = 3 TO 13
    LOCATE CL, 20
    PRINT STRING$(60, " ")
  NEXT CL
  LOCATE 3, 20: PRINT "FRONT WALL ORIENTATION .. "; ORI$
  LOCATE 4, 20: PRINT "WIDTH RATIO TO LENGTH ..."; BWR; ":"; BLR
  LOCATE 6, 20: PRINT "FLOOR AREA ....."; AFLOOR; " (SQFT)"
  LOCATE 7, 20: PRINT "BUILDING WIDTH ....."; BW; " (FT)"
  LOCATE 8, 20: PRINT "BUILDING LENGTH ....."; BL; " (FT)"
  LOCATE 9, 20: PRINT "BUILDING HEIGHT ....."; BH; " (FT)"
  LOCATE 10, 20: PRINT "FRONT WINDOW AREA ....."; AFWIN; " (SQFT)"
  LOCATE 11, 20: PRINT "BACK WINDOW AREA ....."; ABWIN; " (SQFT)"
  LOCATE 12, 20: PRINT "LEFT WINDOW AREA ....."; ALWIN; " (SQFT)"
  LOCATE 13, 20: PRINT "RIGHT WINDOW AREA ....."; ARWIN; " (SQFT)"
  PRINT #3, "BLDG ORIENTATION = "; ORI$
  PRINT #3, "WIDTH : LENGTH = "; BWR; ":"; BLR
  PRINT #3, "=====
  PRINT #3, "MON    HEAT LOSS    HEAT GAIN "
  PRINT #3, "=====
RETURN

```

```

REPORT4:
  PRINT #3, "===== "
  PRINT #3, "SUMMER GAIN : "; USING "#####(BTU/DAY)"; AVESMR
  PRINT #3, "WINTER LOSS : "; USING "#####(BTU/DAY)"; AVEWIN
  FORM2$ = " #.##.# ##### #"
  PRINT #6, USING "#.##.# ##### #"; BWR, BLR, AVEWIN, AVESMR
RETURN

```

```

REPORT3:
  LOCATE 15, 20
  PRINT "CALCULATING : "; MOCUR$; " "; DATE
RETURN

```

```

'=====
' DATA FOR BUILDING WIDTH RATIO TO LENGTH (41 CASES)
'=====
DATA 5.0,1.0
DATA 4.5,1.0
DATA 4.0,1.0
DATA 3.5,1.0
DATA 3.0,1.0
DATA 2.5,1.0
DATA 2.4,1.0
DATA 2.3,1.0
DATA 2.2,1.0
DATA 2.1,1.0
DATA 2.0,1.0
DATA 1.9,1.0
DATA 1.8,1.0
DATA 1.7,1.0
DATA 1.6,1.0
DATA 1.5,1.0
DATA 1.4,1.0
DATA 1.3,1.0
DATA 1.2,1.0
DATA 1.1,1.0
'
DATA 1.0,1.0
'
DATA 1.0,1.1
DATA 1.0,1.2
DATA 1.0,1.3
DATA 1.0,1.4
DATA 1.0,1.5
DATA 1.0,1.6
DATA 1.0,1.7
DATA 1.0,1.8
DATA 1.0,1.9
DATA 1.0,2.0
DATA 1.0,2.1
DATA 1.0,2.2
DATA 1.0,2.3
DATA 1.0,2.4
DATA 1.0,2.5
DATA 1.0,3.0
DATA 1.0,3.5
DATA 1.0,4.0
DATA 1.0,4.5
DATA 1.0,5.0

```